

# The surprising way groups like ISIS stay in power

[listening test questions]

Author: Bendetta Berti Date: Mar 2015 Time: (5.38) Level: \*\*\*\*\* [B1/B2]

## TED TALK Link:

https://www.ted.com/talks/benedetta\_berti\_the\_surprising\_way\_groups\_like\_isis\_stay\_in\_power

Check these words before listening:

# Key vocabulary

- 1. Terrorist / insurgents / militias
- 2. Transition
- 3. Confrontation
- 4. Resolution
- 5. How something works
- 6. Armed / unarmed
- 7. Hezbollah / Hamas / ISIS /Taliban
- 8. Recruit
- 9. A brand
- 10. Micro-loan programme
- 11. Governance
- 12. Security
- 13. Long-term vision
- 14. Sophisticated

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# <u>Student</u>

# **TED Talks Comprehension Questions** [6 minutes]

Time: Approximately 60 minutes

# 1. Read the title

- Try to predict the content of lecture
- Write down key terms / ideas
- Check key vocabulary using a dictionary

## Try to listen ONLY two times

# Three types of lesson

#### Lesson#1: [hard]

- 1. Listen once take notes
- 2. Give <u>3 minutes</u> to tidy notes
- 3. Listen again and add to notes (use a different colour pen)
- 4. Answer questions set <u>10-15 minutes</u> to answer
- 5. Check answers
- 6. Listen again to check answers

## Lesson #2: [medium]

- 1. Listen once take notes
- 2. Answer questions: 10 minutes
- 3. Listen again answer the questions as they listen
- 4. Give yourself 10 minutes to tidy answers. Then check answers
- 5. Listen again to check answers

## Lesson #3: [easier]

- 1. Read questions highlight key terms
- 2. Listen once and answer questions
- 3. 3 minutes to tidy notes
- 4. Listen again answer missed question
- 5. 5-10 minutes to tidy answers. Then check answers
- 6. Listen again to check answers





# **Teacher**

# **TED Talks Comprehension Questions [6 minutes]**

**Aim:** to develop the students' ability to listen to a short 6-minute lecture, to take notes and then use those notes to answer a range of questions types.

## **Lesson Time:** 60 minutes

# **Lesson Plan**

# 1.Lead in

- Ask Students to discuss the 'title' and predict the content of lecture
- Ask students to write down key terms / language from discussion
- Feed in / check key vocabulary

## Three types of lesson

#### Lesson#1: [hard]

- 1. Students listen once take notes
- 2. Give 3 minutes to tidy notes
- 3. Listen again and add to notes (use a different colour pen)
- 4. Give out questions set <u>10-15 minutes</u> to answer
- 5. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board)

#### Lesson #2: [medium]

- 1. Students listen once take notes
- 2. Give out questions: Set 10 minutes for students to answer questions from notes
- 3. Listen again students answer the questions as they listen
- 4. Give extra 10 minutes to consolidate answers
- 5. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board)

#### Lesson #3: [easy]

- 1. Give out questions students have 5-10 minutes to look at questions
- 2. Students listen and answer questions
- 3. Give <u>3 minutes</u> to tidy notes
- 4. Students listen again check answers and answer questions missed
- 5. 5-10 minutes to tidy answers
- 6. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board)





# The surprising way groups like ISIS stay in power

Bendetta Berti [Mar 2015 – 5:38]

# 1.True, false, not given [T/F/NG]

<u>i.</u>	The last 10 years she has studied terrorist organisations.	
<u>ii.</u>	Her goal is to understand and encourage in violent engagement	
<u>iii.</u>	War used to be state against state now it is state against non- state.	
<u>iv.</u>	216 peace agreements signed (1975-2011), 190 were between state and non-state F (196)	
<u>v.</u>	Peace agreements prevent conflicts	
<u>vi.</u>	The full picture is to know what non-states are doing when not fighting	
L		/ 6

# 2. Information completion – What do these Organisations set up?

Non-state Group	Set up	
	Political party	
Hezbollah	i)	
	ii)	
	Complex communication machines	
Hamas	iii)	_
	iv)	_
	v)	-
	social media strategies	
ISIS	vi)	
		/6

# 3.Gap fill summary

Non-states create profitable businesses, for example,	<b>c</b> companies.	The
result of this increases their strength, f	, better recruitment and builds t	heir
b		



\_/3



#### 4. Short Answers

i) Non-state groups build stronger bonds in the community from...

building	
offering	
providing	
	/3

ii) These non-state groups offer two things that the state doesn't. What are they?

1	-	
2		
		/2

iii)The rise of the Taliban and ISIS is because these groups provided .....

/1

/4

iv) Hamas won the 2006 election because of the group's ....

# 5. Summary – fill in the gaps with single words

These groups are complex because they have strength, i), and long-term			
vision. They are hybrid groups that are armed, political and provide ii)			
Such sophistication has made the iii) between state and non-state blurred			
because of how these groups control and regulate communities. When a state is weak, like			
in the iv), the non-state rebel groups step in and fill the gap.			

# 6. Conclusion

These groups can be defeated by the long-term investment in:

1	
2	
	/2

Overall Score: \_\_\_\_ / 28





# The surprising way groups like ISIS stay in power ANSWERS

# **<u>1.True, false, not given</u>** [T/F/NG]

<u>i.</u>	The last 10 years she has studied terrorist organisations.	<u>T</u>
<u>ii.</u>	Her goal is to understand and encourage in violent engagement (to engage transition from violent engagement to nonviolent confrontation)	<u>F</u>
<u>iii.</u>	War used to be state against state now it is state against non- state.	T
<u>iv.</u>	216 peace agreements signed (1975-2011), 190 were between state and non-state F (196)	<u>F</u>
<u>v.</u>	Peace agreements prevent conflicts	<u>NG</u>
<u>vi.</u>	The full picture is to know what non-states are doing when not fighting	T
		/6

# 2. Information completion – What do these Organisations set up?

Non-state Group	Set up
	Political party
Hezbollah	i) a social-service network,
	ii) a military apparatus
	Complex communication machines
Hamas	iii) Radio stations,
	iv) TV channels,
	v) internet websites
	social media strategies
ISIS	vi) ISIS magazine, printed in English

## 3.Gap fill summary

\_\_\_/6

Non-states create profitable businesses, for example, **construction** companies. The result of this increases their strength, **funds**, better recruitment and builds their **brand**.

/ 4





# 4. Short Answers

i) Non-state groups build stronger bonds in the community from...

building	schools, hospitals
offering	vocational training
providing	micro loans
	/3

ii) These non-state groups offer two things that the state doesn't. What are they?

1	Safety	
2	Security	

iii)The rise of the Taliban and ISIS is because these groups provided .....
Security

iv) Hamas won the 2006 election because of the group's	
social work	

## 5. Summary

These groups are complex because they have strength, **strategy**, and long-term vision. They are hybrid groups that are armed, political and provide **governance**. Such sophistication has made the **lines** between state and non-state blurred because of how these groups control and regulate communities. When a state is weak, like in the **Middle-East**, the non-state rebel groups step in and fill the gap.

/4

\_\_\_/2

## 6. Conclusion

These groups can be defeated by the long-term investment in:

1	Security	
2	Governance gap.	
L		/ 2

Overall Score: \_\_\_\_\_ /



