

## **Critical Thinking – an introduction**

[listening test questions]

Author: C. Wilson Date: March 2020 Time: 10:01

**Level:** \*\*\*\*\* [B2/C1]

Lecture: <a href="https://youtu.be/RyqFD5OAJ40">https://youtu.be/RyqFD5OAJ40</a>

PowerPoint Download: Download link in paid version...

Check these words before listening:

	meck triese words before insterning.		
Key vo	<u>ocabulary</u>		
4	620 - 1 (12.12 1.2019.   112.12.   1.10.12.12.   119.		
	Critical thinking / criticality / higher-level thinking skills		
2.	/ evaluation		
	Elements / aspects /		
	A taxonomy / a classification		
5.			
	A premise		
7.	Credible		
8.			
9.	To interfere		
10.	To determine		
11.	An		
12.	A sponge / to absorb		
13.	to pan for gold (metaphor)		
14.	To i / to examine		
15.	Assumptions / reasoning		
16.			
17.	Profound		
18.	Inventiveness		
19.			
20.	Strategies		
21.	То		
22.	A life-long process		
	To be		
24.	Exploration		
	To draw attention to		
26.	opinions		

<u>Copyright:</u> These materials are photocopiable but please leave all logos and web addresses on handouts. Please don't post these materials onto the web. Thank you





# **Teacher**

## **LISTENING TEST QUESTIONS**

**Aim:** to develop the students' ability to listen to a 10 min+ lecture, to take notes and then use those notes to answer a range of test- type questions.

**Lesson Time:** Approximately 1:30-2:00 hours

## **Lesson Plan**

### 1.Lead in

- Ask Students to discuss the 'title' and predict the content of the lecture.
- Ask students to write down key terms / language from the discussion.
- Feed in / check key vocabulary.

### Three types of lesson

### Lesson#1: [hard]

- 1. Students listen once take notes.
- 2. Give 5 minutes to tidy notes.
- 3. Listen again and add to notes (use a different colour pen).
- 4. Give out questions set 20-25 minutes to answer.
- 5. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board).

### Lesson #2: [medium]

- 1. Students listen once take notes.
- 2. Give out questions: Set <u>15 minutes</u> for students to answer questions from notes.
- 3. Listen again students answer the missed questions as they listen.
- 4. Give extra 10 minutes to consolidate answers.
- 5. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board)

#### Lesson #3: [easy]

- 1. Give out questions students have 10 minutes to look at questions.
- 2. Students listen and answer questions.
- 3. Give 5 minutes to tidy answers.
- 4. Students listen again check answers and answer missed questions.
- 5. <u>5-10 minutes</u> to tidy answers.
- 6. Feedback answers (give out answers or go through on board).





## **Critical Thinking: an introduction**

by C.Wilson (2020)

1. What is	the title of th	e lecture?				
						/1
2. What ar	e the	of the lecture	?			/
1	A definit	ion				
2						
3						
4						
5						
3						/4
3. Critical t	thinking defin	nition – fill in the m	issing words [1st	letter is give	en]	
Critical thin	nking is a i. <b>s_</b>		_ evaluation of t	the	, ideas and	theories of
others. The	e basic	critical thinki	ng involves askir	ng	000000000	in order to
form an	ii. <b>e</b>	opinion of	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	hose resou	irces are iii. <b>c</b>	
On a basic	level, we are	the thi	ings we read and			
			oported by v. <b>a</b>		evidence.	/5
4. What is	one of the m	ain of	critical thinking	?		
						/2
	<u>ve thinking s</u>	-				
5. What ar	re the names	of the academic au	thors and date o	of their res	earch?	
Names				Date		
		[2	names=2 points]			
						/3
6. The alte	rnative think	ing styles – fill in th	e table.			
	the names	i. The sponge	ii.			
of the tw	o styles?	iii.	ing			
Name a of this sty	/le.	III.	iv.			
	,					
Name a	this style.	V.		his type of n repetitive	thinking is chall	enging and
aspect of	ans style.		Ofte	πτερειτίν	••	
•			ı			/ 4

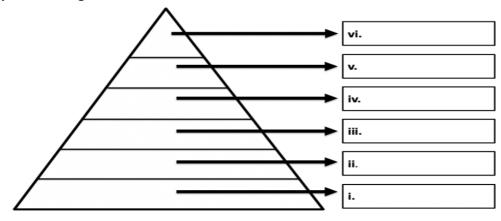




7. What is	?	
		/1

## **Bloom's Taxonomy Pyramid**

8. Complete the diagram.



\_\_\_/6

## **Higher-level thinking skills**

9. Read these statements and decide if they are true or false.

		T/F
1	Analysing is judging, assessing and through using what you know to	
	make your views.	
2	Analysing content is to recognise , logical reasoning of	
	data.	
3	The three analysing questions are Why? How? and ?	
4	Evaluating is down into separate components, looking	
	relationships between .	
5	To be good at evaluating, you need a knowledgeable understanding of the topic.	
6	The two evaluating questions are so ?	
7	Creating analysing and evaluation elements of the taxonomy to .	
8	Creating questions are, how it could be improved or changed?	
		/8

10. What is the	the lecturer to begin critical thinking?	
		/ 2





itical thinking	g a quick ? v	vhy? why not?
	Yes	No
/? Why not?		
o was the	by?	
at did the	state?	
		/4
		e end of the lecture. Write .
1111/ 411411		
		/5
oint	of the leature	
at was the	of the fecture	
		/1
<u>ion</u>		<i>,</i>
at have you le	earnt in today's lecture?	<b>)</b>
	o was the at did the analysis of to why did I do to the at was the	Yes  O was the by?  at did the state?  analysis of the lecture cal questions were at the Why did I do this lecture?



Total Score \_\_\_\_ / 46



## **Critical Thinking: an introduction ANSWERS**

### 1. What is the title of the lecture?

'An introduction to critical thinking at university'.	
	[must include all 7 words]

/

2. What are the five key parts of the lecture?

1	A definition
2	Alternative thinking styles
3	Bloom's taxonomy
4	Simplistic suggestion
5	Critical thinking questions

/4

### 3. Critical thinking definition – fill in the missing words

Critical thinking is a i. **systematic** evaluation of the arguments, ideas and theories of others. The basic

## ALL ANSWERS IN PAID VERSION...

## Transcript: An introduction to critical thinking at university

by C. Wilson (2020)

Hello and welcome to my short lecture today on 'an introduction to critical thinking at university'. So just to begin, I think I should say that critical thinking is a huge area and to cover all elements will take a significant amount of time so I'm just going to look at the basic key aspects associated with reading and writing at university. I've divided my lecture today into five key parts: I'll begin by defining critical thinking, then I'll use recent research to discuss alternative thinking styles, I'll then use Bloom's taxonomy to highlight higher-order thinking skills which leads into a simple approach to help activate your critical thinking skills. And finally, I'll demonstrate critical thinking questioning on this lecture.

Ok, so let's begin with a definition. Basically, critical thinking is a...

## THE TRANSCRIPT IS INCLUDED IN PAID VERSION...

