



Cybercrime



Instant Lessons

EXAMPLE

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Lesson Plan: Cybercrime **EXAMPLE**

Lessons: Introduction, reading, listening, speaking (seminar) and writing.

Time: 1-1.5 hours + homework task

Level: *****[B1/B2/C1].

Lesson Aim:

To focus on one key topic and develop a range of key academic skills based on this topic.

Introduction [5 minutes]

- Introduce the topic 'Cybercrime'.
- Give out the 'Reading Text Worksheet' and discuss the lead in questions.

Reading: Test-Type Questions [20-30 minutes + feedback]

- Students read the text. Check words & meanings with a dictionary.
- Answer the questions.
- Feedback: distribute or project ANSWERS.

Listening: Lecture & Test Questions [30-40 minutes + feedback]

Video: Available in paid download MP3: Available in paid download

- Give out the 'Listening: mini lecture worksheet'.
- Students check key vocabulary.

Option 1

- Students look at the questions.
- Students listen & answer the questions.
- Give <u>2 minutes</u> to tidy answers.
- Students listen again. Check answers & answer missed questions.
- Feedback: distribute or project ANSWERS.

Option 2 (harder)

- Students listen & take notes (Use paper or the PPT slides in the Appendix).
- Students listen again & add to their notes.
- Students use their notes to answer the questions.
- Feedback: distribute or project ANSWERS.

Speaking: Seminar [10-15 minutes]

- Give out the 'Speaking Worksheet'.
- Students revise content from the reading & lecture texts.
- Students hold a seminar discussion using the question prompts. How to run a seminar: https://www.academic-englishuk.com/seminars

Writing: Summary [20 minutes + tutor feedback]

- This can be a homework task if limited time.
- Students use the two texts (reading and listening) to write a 150-word paragraph on 'how we can
- Tutor to error correct & return https://www.academic-englishuk.com/error-correction





Reading Text Worksheet

Task 1: Lead In

- 1. What kinds of crimes do you know of that involve a computer?
- 2.
- 3. Look at the title of the reading text what do you think it is about?

Task 2: Reading Text Cybercrime: the 21st century's biggest threat to society By F. Peterson (2022)

Cybercrime can be defined as a criminal offence involving computers and networks. It is generally divided into two types – cyber-dependent crimes and cyber-enabled crimes. The former are offences that whereby they are both the means and target of an attack. Conversely, the latter are typical offences through the use of a computer. Worryingly, the Office for National Statistics believes that "people are above any other crime" and in one year alone almost 750,000 cybercrimes were reported to Action Fraud in the UK (Action Fraud, 2021). The scale and range of cybercrimes is extensive and cybercriminals continue to seek new ways to exploit a weakness, albeit According to the National Crime Agency (2021), the most common cybercrimes involve hacking, Although both involve obtaining personal and sensitive information such as a password or credit card number, a hacker will explore ways of breaching the uses deceptive emails or messages which mimic genuine ones to persuade the target to provide their data. Distributed denialof-service attacks, or through the influx of from multiple Internet Provider addresses, causing it to crash, whereas malicious software, or malware for short, is used to infect an spyware, and adware, for example. that has increased dramatically This is perhaps due to the fact that data is valuable and key to conducting business, which in turn, has (Europol, 2021). According to Action become the Fraud (2021), as reported in the 2019 Financial Cost of Fraud report, and the majority of fraud is reported by businesses, not individuals. The National Cyber Security Centre (2021) reports that educational institutions in particular are being targeted the , that is to say a type of malware that steals or deletes data in order to extort payment for regaining access to that data, such as References Action Fraud., (n.d.). What is fraud and cyber crime? [online]. Available at: https://www.actionfraud.police.uk/what-is-fraud [Viewed 14.02.2022]. Europol., (2021). Cybercrime [online]. Available at: https://www.europol.europa.eu/crime-areas-andtrends/crime-areas/cybercrime [Viewed 15.02.2022] National Crime Agency., (2021). Cyber crime [online]. Available at: https://www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/what-we-do/crime-threats/cyber-crime [Viewed 12.02.2022] National Cyber Security Centre., (2021). Alert: Further ransomware attacks on the UK education sector by cyber

criminals [online]. Available at: https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/news/alert-targeted-ransomware-attacks-on-uk-



education-sector [Viewed 14.02.2022]



Reading Text Questions

Task 3: Headings

Choose a subheading for each paragraph. One title is not needed.

1	 A Most popular cybercrime in recent times	
2	В	
3	С	What is cybercrime?
	D	

____/3

Task 4: True, False or Not Given

Decide if these statements are true (T), false (F) or not given (NG). Highlight the answer in the text.

		T/F/NG
1	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
2	There is a higher chance of being the victim of a cybercrime than of any other crime.	
3		
4	Hacking is more serious than phishing.	
5	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
6	Europol claim that more data breaches occur now than ever before because the value of data has risen.	
7	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
8	In recent times, the UK education sector has been subject to several ransomware attacks.	

____/8

Task 5: Vocabulary

Key language – search for the word(s) in the text that mean(s):

Paragraph		Word(s)
1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
1	To improve by amount, quality or strength.	
2	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
2	То сору.	
2	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
3	The main factor that causes something to happen.	
3		

		_
	•	_
	•	•

Total Score ____ /18





Listening: Mini Lecture Worksheet

Task 1: Key Vocabulary

Check these words and	d phrases befor	e listening:				
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	pressing	XXXXXXXXXXX	update	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	inadvertently	

	XXXXXXXXX	XXXX	pressing	xxxxxxxxxxx	update	inadvertently
	scam	sheer	XXXXXXXXX	start-up	XXXXXXXX	crypt authentication
			_	and answer th	e following q	uestions:
Comp	olete the def	inition	of cybersecu	rity. The first le	etter is alread	y given.
•	ersecurity is		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	XXXXXXXXXXXX	can	reduce their rof
bec	oming the ta	irget o	I d C	<u>·</u>		
2.2	Name ON	F thin	σ individuals	can do to pr	otect thems	 '
	Hume On		5 martiadais	can do to pr	oteet thems	erves orimic.
						/1
2.3	Open Que					
				ttacks on busin		ganisations.
i.	What appro	oach sr	nould business	take towards	cybercrime?	
ii.	///////////////////////////////////////	XXXXXX	20000000000	5 1 5		
iii.	By how mu	ch has	the number of	of attacks in fire	ms risen?	
iv.	10000000000	XXXXX	<u> </u>	0000000000000	200	
V.	What is the	bigge	st threat to bu	isinesses?		
2.4	Multiple Cl	hoice				/5
٩nsw	er these que	estions	about the cyl	persecurity ind	ustry. Select	ONE answer only per question.
i.	How	000000	00000000000	A	. £1 million	
	receive up	to 201	9?		>>>>>>	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
					. Over £1 billi	on
ii.	How much	did th	e number of a	ctive A	. 37%	
	XXXXXXXXXXXX	00000	0000000000		XXXXXXXXXXXXX	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
				C	. 46%	
iii.	What is a 'f	tech ur	nicorn'?	A	. A start-up v	alued at \$1bn or more
					XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
					. A start-up w	ith at least 1bn employees
iv.	What is key	y in the	war on cybei		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
	XXXXXXXXXX	OXXXX	0000000000	В	. Crypt authe	ntication
				N.	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
						/4
2.4	Gap Fill	ati	cou obcut ude	, outbores seed	, io occombial :-	opuradous? Complete the series
		cturer				nowadays? Complete the gaps.
	more nd more tim	0.00.0)	0	ur personal information as we
spei	na more um	e 011 0	ur electronic _		MAAAAA	/ 2
Гotа	l Score	/14				/ 2





Speaking Worksheet

Discussion

Use the two texts (reading and listening) to discuss these questions:

Key Sources:				
Reading: Peterson (2022)	Lecture: Watts (2022)			
NCA (2021) / Furopol (2021) / NCSC (2021)	Cameron (2021) / Department for Culture, Digi			

Seminar Questions 1) What are the most common types of cybercrimes? 2) 3) What are governments and institutions doing to tackle cybercrime? 4) 5) Summarise your discussion. (Each person summarises one main interesting point discussed).

Writing Task

Summary

Write 150 words:

Use the two texts (reading and listening) to write a paragraph on 'how we can



Reading ANSWERS

Task 3: Headings

Choose a subheading for each paragraph. One title is not needed.

1	С	Α	Most popular cybercrime in recent times
2	D	В	Why individuals should be concerned about fraud

___/3

ALL ANSWERS ARE INCLUDED IN PAID VERSION...

Listening ANSWERS

2.1 Gap Fill

Complete the definition of cybersecurity. The first letter is already given.

Cybersecurity is a term to describe how individuals and corporations can reduce their *risk(s)* of becoming the target of a *cyberattack*.

ALL ANSWERS ARE INCLUDED IN PAID VERSION...

Cybersecurity: today's booming but necessary global market

by C. Watts (2022)

Hello and welcome to today's short lecture on cybersecurity. Cybersecurity can be defined as the process by which individuals and corporations can reduce the risks of and protect themselves from a cyberattack. As more and more of us use tablets, laptops, smartphones and other electronic devices to conduct business, communicate with others, educate ourselves and pursue personal goals, the necessity to safeguard our personal and sensitive data has become increasingly more pressing.





Appendix: PowerPoint Slides

Listen to the lecture and take notes using the PPT slides

